



THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XIX. NO. 10

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Aug. 6th, 1931

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

R.M. Mantrario No. 262
(cont. from last week)

least 300 residents and their families who will need some means of maintaining themselves, and not less than \$50000 will be necessary to enable these people to obtain bare necessities until they can look for any further revenue from their farms.

A memorandum of the report of conditions in Saskatchewan and recommendations presented to Senator Gideon Robertson by the Association of Rural Municipalities.

Dahl.—That the report and recommendations be endorsed by this municipality especially that portion of the report dealing with schools and the recommendation of grants to the Municipalities requiring assistance to enable them to keep the schools open.

Rovles.—That the Secretary forward to the Dept. of Highways a copy of the advt. in the Empress paper in regard to the closing the road by Mr. Massingill and point out that this is the road the Province of Alberta agreed to fix up in return for the grant from the Empress Ferry East on the road South of the Sask. River; also that the Reeve interview the Reeve of M.D. Acadia in the matter.

Edwards.—That A. Wornick and Sevend Oiseo be notified to attend next council meeting in regard to fires let away by them on the 16th April, failing which the Municipality take action under the Prairie Fire Act.

Edwards.—That Cn. Dahl be Deputized for the ensuing three months.

Dahl.—That the recommendations of the Court of Revision be and are hereby confirmed.

Walker.—That Martha Krembrink be paid \$20 for care of children of A. Krembrink and that Cn. Montgomery be a committee to make the best arrangements from now on.

Montgomery.—That application of B. R. Robb for lease of

United Church

Public Worship, 11:30 a.m.
Church School, 10:30 a.m.

Subject: "Self Control".

Tell "He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty, and he that ruleth his spirit better than he that taketh a gift."

Leland, 3 p.m.

Social Plains, 7:30 p.m.

We invite you to come and worship with us.

Rev. Geo. A. Shields,
Minister.

Passes Away

Mr. Cashore, father of Mrs. Alva Ellis, passed away Saturday, July 31, at Alask. The funeral took place from the United Church, Alask, on Sunday. We join with friends in tendering our sympathy to the bereaved.

Paying \$7 a Ton for Straw

A rural municipality in the south-western part of Saskatchewan, in order to secure feed for stock, is guaranteeing farmers \$7 a ton for good wheat straw.

Change In Visiting Days

Dr. Dowler wishes to announce that in future he will be in Empress on Thursdays and Fridays of each week, arriving on Wednesday night.

road allowances E. of N.E. 33-25 w3 to granted.

Edwards.—That the following amounts for supervision roads be paid: Walker, 40 80; Dahl, 23 30; Kinch, 32 40; Montgomerie, 23 30; Hawtin, 42 70; Rowles, 50 40; Sergeant, 10 20.

Dahl.—That account of T. Rowles for attendance Empress Hospital Board two meetings be paid \$2.00.

Council adjourned at 1 a.m. Tuesday, July 7th, to meet again at Mantrario, Monday August 3rd, at 10 a.m.

G. Evans Sergeant,

See. Treas.

Seventh Fortnightly Govt. Crop Report

Edmonton, July 25, 1931.

Excellent crop conditions prevail in the north central and northern parts of the Province. In the south western area rainfall is needed. All grain crops are in a satisfactory condition in the district from Calgary to Macleod. Continued drought has resulted in almost a total failure of wheat sown on spring plowing in the south eastern part of the Province. Crops sown on summerfallow in this area are also light. Nine per cent of the wheat is in head and early varieties are already coloring.

The Peace River district has recently received much needed rain and there is a prospect of good yields over a considerable part of the area. Cut worms and lack of early moisture will reduce the crops in some sections. The hay crop will be short.

The hot weather of the past few days is forcing rapid growth and has done much to hasten maturity in the areas east and west of Edmonton where growth is rank and ripening somewhat later than usual. Further south where wind damage was serious in the early part of the season, stands are thin but making excellent progress as a result of heavy rains. East of Drumheller the feed situation has improved considerably but grain yields will be light.

The irrigated districts report conditions as fairly satisfactory. Small crops—alfalfa, sugar beets, potatoes and beans are making excellent progress.

Several small areas have suffered hail damage, but loss from this cause has not been serious.

A grasshopper outbreak occurred in the district north of Lethbridge, but control measures prevented serious damage.

Pastures throughout the Province are generally good and live stock is in first-class condition.

Had Reason To Rejoice

A small boy was watching a bright glow in the sky with the utmost delight.

"I am glad you admire the beauty of nature my son," said an old gentleman, "isn't it a lovely sunset?"

"That's not a sunset," replied the boy, with a grin, "that's our school on fire."

Wins Motor Boat

In a motor-boat sweep-stake at Sylvan Lake, Mr. Weston, (husband of daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Stewart), won the motor-boat prize.

Doris and Kathleen Randall were successful in passing their Grade XII. at Normal School.

The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes and Pastry from us.

Town Deliveries made if required.

Bread 3 Louves for 25¢.

MURRAY
The Baker

Crested Wheat Grass Is Urged for Dry Sask. Areas

Saskatoon, Sask., July 27.—Hope that some of the discoveries of the forage crop department of the University of Saskatchewan here might prove the means by which agriculture in the dried-out areas of the province would be stabilized was expressed today by Prof. E. L. Kirk when addressing a local service club. The professor will leave here soon for Ottawa, where a fair wider field of endeavor will be opened to him under the Dom. Govt. He enumerated many of the outstanding experiments successfully carried on at the university plots and noted the varieties of fodder crops which he thought would eventually be lined up in the battle against drifting of soil and lack of fibre in the land.

Of paramount importance was the announcement made by the speaker that his department had produced what he termed crested wheat grass, which is absolutely drought resistant. Is hardy, easily grown and produces better soil fibre than any other grass. Prof. Kirk told of one strain of this grass which, this year, had not been watered at all, and yet had been cut nine times. He predicted the grass would be soon occupying all gofins and flood bottoms.

Soil drifting this year has been the most devastating in the history of the province, stated and paying some attention to this major difficulty, Prof. Kirk said he was inclined to doubt the value of wind-breaks in curing the evil. He instanced days this last spring, when at the forestry farms here and at Indian head the soil was drifting badly even in confined treed areas. Good tillage methods, surface killing of weeds and strip farming were all valuable he thought, but he was induced to think that the planting of fibre crops would prove the solution in nullifying the efforts of bad winds.

Touching on the establishment here of the forage crop department under Prof. J. Bruckner (now President of Manitoba), the Speaker said Saskatchewan university occupied a unique position for it had paid great attention to this phase of agriculture, whereas other universities concentrated on cereal research. The result, Dr. Kirk said, that today the University had definite reliable information about forage crops, the versatility and suitability

Pro's and Bo's

This past week has witnessed a number of ball games between the Pro's and the Bo's, seniors and juniors. On Monday, the team played for the "Big air trophy." The Pro's won the cup and the trophy was fittingly presented to the team by Mr. J. Hamilton, the worthy postmaster.

of each strain and the best adopted each year for each section of the country.

In conclusion, he urged the need of a policy for some of the seed of wheat grass, which is now available in small quantities, and reiterated his view that the forage crop department was making a contribution of no mean value to develop and stabilize agriculture of the western plains.

Crested Wheat Grass Seed Has Been Available to Farmers of This District.

During the past few years we at various times have published articles on Crested Wheat Grass, also seed of this grass has been offered for sale through this paper. A few years ago H. J. Moore, Social Plains, received a very small quantity of this grass seed from Prof. J. Murray, then district agriculturist. He was told to try it as an experiment. Satisfied with the grass, Mr. Murray endeavored to obtain more so was unable to do so. There is good reason to believe that at this time, Mr. Moore

Castle Coombe

United Church services will be held Aug. 9, at—
Wainfleet at 11 a.m.,
Mayfield at 3 p.m.,
Sunday School will follow church service:

D. B. Tupper,
Student in-charge.

A Worthwhile Work

The Saskatchewan Dept. of Education have made arrangements whereby they are distributing to schools, free of charge, Jack Pine and White Spruce Evergreen Trees.

Indians Predict Wet Weather

There is a report that the Indians predict a forty days' rain, with the sloughs and coulees filled to the brim as a result. As a proof of their belief in the coming rains, the rumor also states that the red men are moving their abode to high lands —Ex.

had the only plot of this grass in Canada. Last year he had a considerable quantity of this seed for sale, although he lost a large quantity in a hail storm just previous to harvest. Seed sold was bought chiefly by Experimental Farms and Social Plains were the largest buyers. At various times we have spoken to farmers of the district concerning it as appearing to be a desirable grass for drifting soils and soils lacking fibre.

Special Low . . .

Summer Fares

EAST - WEST - NORTH - SOUTH

Now IN EFFECT

Places to go - things to see - ways to travel on a summer vacation are offered in great variety.

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| Mountain Resorts |
| Pacific Coast |
| Vancouver Island |
| Alaska |
| Eastern Canada |
| Great Lakes |
| United States |
| Overs seas Tours |

Canadian Pacific Travel Experts will arrange everything or write

G. D. BROPHY, District Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, Calgary, Alta.

LOW WEEK-END FARES
Between all Points in Canada

Literature is free and contains details of splendid Low Cost Holidays.

JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards
Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order
to the local printers.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

LEMONADE RECIPE

TO 1/2 oz. Acid Tartaric..... 1/2 oz. Lemon Qu. 1/2 oz. Citric..... 1/2 oz. Epsom Salts..... 1/2 oz. 2 1/2 lbs. White Sugar..... 20c. Juice of three lemons..... 1/2 oz. Cross & Blackwell's Fruit Cups..... 30c. A dash of cream to produce Elder flower essence of delightfully flavored and colored Lemonade. Cross & Blackwell's Fruit Cups, reg. 50c—Our special 30c a bottle.

We are agents for leading nurseries. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

Unreserved AUCTION SALE

OF

55 HEAD OF HORSES

Gathered in Government Round-up

AT THE SHANNON RANCH

Two Miles South of Empress

ON

FRIDAY, AUGUST 14th

AT 1:30 P.M., sharp

DAVID LUSH

For further particulars, apply to ALBERT SHANNON, EMPRESS

AUCTIONEER

Over a million packages sold each week

"SALADA"

TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

Where Are We Astray?

Out of the present world depression good will eventually come. This prediction can be made with absolute confidence and certainty of fulfillment because lessons are being learned and the need for reform being demonstrated which will force action resulting in the application of remedies at the present moment if the question is asked: What reform is most likely to bring about the desired result? There are as many answers as there are people. There is no agreement as to what caused world conditions; there is even less agreement as to the course of action necessary to reach solutions and to prevent a recurrence of such depressions. Mankind in its world relationships must have violated some of the fundamental laws of Nature, and it is this violation which has brought about calamities. In one sense we are able to put their finger on the spot and declare authoritatively: "There lies the trouble."

All of which leads to the thought and the question whether our much vaunted systems of education are not very much at fault in the very foundations upon which they are erected. Much thought is expended upon the development of a curriculum, in the preparation of books, in the academic training of teachers, and in the use of millions of dollars which are expended in school buildings and equipment of all kinds. This has been going on for generations, yet when a world condition develops such as we are now experiencing, and from which we all suffer the thinking of the world is confused and muddled. Statesmen, economists, world leaders in all branches of industry, all are at sea; all running around in circles; one assumes that the other is right, but is not by another necessarily contrary theory. No one seems to stand on solid ground, able to advance a clear case or an incontrovertible argument.

What is the basic cause of all this confusion? Is it not to be found in the fact that in our educational methods we have failed to ground our people in the fundamental knowledge and principles of the immutable laws of Nature? We failed to teach people to think and to think straight, with the result that the world has been deviating and trying out all kinds of artificial man-made devices and experiments, many of them in open defiance of Nature's laws, instead of remaining true to those laws.

Have we not in our educational system wasted time and money on many things which we can't employ in our daily lives? Every boy and girl nation-wide have not placed a premium on the so-called higher education and the securing of degrees too numerous to mention; but failed to educate men and women to really think, to accurately weigh and rightly gauge the verities of the world in which we live in the full light and knowledge of those laws of Nature, ignorant of which we are? This is the basic cause of all this confusion. To illustrate: Let any two men meet and begin a discussion of present day conditions, and where does the conversation lead them within a few minutes? They begin by discussing wheat, its price, the marketing of it, whether there is over-production or under-consumption, the effect of Russia's "New Plan" on the world, and so on; they are soon involved in a discussion of world economy, and at once they are into a discussion of tariffs, Protection versus Free Trade, currency and banking, trade treaties, markets—in a word, political economy. Or taxation is the topic. They are agreed it is excessive, but then again, one. One man thinks it must be raised, raising no voices, while the other has different views. Again it is a question of all economy. Or possibly they begin a discussion of religious creeds or the racial origins, characteristics, and emigration of people—and they land in political economy.

Now, consider industrial political economy which is affecting every nation in every home, every life today? What have our schools really taught us about it? Practically speaking nothing. It is left as a study for the limited few who reach the higher grades, the colleges and universities, and even then it is the odd one who obtains more than a hazy idea of it.

Notwithstanding this universal ignorance of even the primary principles of the subject, we still today all seem to be applying the same principles of economic theory. This present depression has made the present topic of conversation, the language of the street, the office and the home. And what do we know about it? How profoundly ignorant are we. And because of this universal ignorance, every quick proposal, every quixotic idea, gets a hearing, and in various quarters acceptance as a cure-all for our troubles.

The time has come when the study of industrial political economy must be made the most fundamental of all studies for the youth of today, commencing early in the lower grades and continuing through our educational system! Let us study the verities of life; above all let us teach and train the coming generation along more practical lines, and, instead of striving to cram a vast amount of information into certain subjects into their young minds, let us teach them the simple laws of Nature and the laws of God, and then train them to think for themselves and apply those laws in every activity of life, individually, nationally, internationally.

Insurance Society For Sale

Gloucester Lord Strathcona, famous estate in Scotland, is for sale. It covers more than 75 miles, its boundaries stretching 22 miles from Loch Leven to Rannoch. Gloucester was the scene of the 1690 massacre of the Mac Donalds. The sentinel rock, from which the signal for the massacre was given, is on the property.

Of No Importance

Social Visitor: Of course closing the school year would be a standing in the community.

Mrs. Dealey: Sure 'n' t's the other way, mum. In the old days Mike was pointed out by everyone as the village drunk, but now you'd think he was just nobody.

Vegetable oils are said to be a good fuel for some Diesel engines.



Dr. Fowler's
EXT-OF
WILD
STRAWBERRY

Mr. Bay Drinker, R.R. No. 2, Hagenway, Oct. 20, writes: "An old native never, until late summer one of them, 17 months old, was taken very sick with diarrhoea, and I thought she was going to die."

"My baby went 7 miles to see what my sister had given her baby, and he came home with a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I gave it to him and he never had diarrhoea again."

"My other children also had diarrhoea at that time and I gave them Dr. Fowler's with the same results."

Vegetable oils are said to be a good fuel for some Diesel engines.

The Mother of Seven Children Used It for Diarrhoea

Millions For Relief

309,000 Persons Given Employment Through Work Projects

Expenditures throughout Canada on public works arising out of the \$200,000,000 unemployment relief grant made by the Dominion Government in the special session last fall had reached the sum of \$16,000,000 at the end of June. A statement issued by the labor department shows 309,000 persons were given employment with a total of 6,637,000 man-days of work.

By provinces the division of expenditures was: Prince Edward Island, \$20,000; Nova Scotia, \$2,338,000; New Brunswick, \$1,452,000; Quebec, \$1,000,000; Ontario, \$55,000; Manitoba, \$163,000; Saskatchewan, \$2,800,000; Alberta, \$10,014,000; Alberta, \$2,838,000; British Columbia, \$3,410,000.

In addition, Canadian National Railways carried out work amounting to \$14,113,000, the Canadian Pacific Railway, \$13,514,000 and \$2,465,000 was spent through the grade crossings.

Up to the end of June, 88,000 families had been given direct relief. Where returns were made to the department on the basis of persons receiving direct relief, the total was 1,177.

Expense of the special works undertaken to relieve unemployment was provided one-quarter by the Dominion, one-quarter by the provinces, and the balance by the municipalities.

Peace Motion Tabled

Proposal of Miss Agnes MacPhail Dismissed by Committee

Miss Agnes MacPhail, Progressive member for South East Grey, to establish scholarships and scholarships in Canadian universities to promote peace was disappointed in a report of the committee and tabled relations committee of the House of Commons.

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New Friendly Relations Established Between France And Germany

Tours, France—France and Germany have buried their hatchets and relations between the two nations have taken a new start. Julius Curtius, German Foreign Minister, assumed, July 19, 1930, the audience of the French Foreign Correspondents.

"Without violating any proprieties or any duties of loyalty to my French colleagues," the German Foreign Minister declared, "I can say now, without awaiting the official communiqué which we will agree later, that the 'Chequers Spirit' has triumphed and Franco-German relations have been placed on a new basis."

"This includes political as well as financial questions."

What was deemed a hopeful feature of Sunday's development was voiced in a communiqué issued in behalf of both the French and German Governments. "The foundation is a determined effort by the Pacts to mark the beginning of a new and trustful collaboration between the two nations and their firm intention of bringing out conditions leading to a betterment in both political and economic fields."

A negative part of the negotiations, as disclosed by the communiqué, is that financial guarantees and those measures of political agreement which France wishes Germany to make will not yet be agreed upon.

British Boys Entering Canadian Universities

At Least Twenty-One Are Coming

Montreal, Que.—Practical results of the visit to this country last spring of a group of British public school headmasters is seen in the announcement that at least 21 British public school students expect to spend next year to enter Canadian universities. McGill University will have 12 of the boys, Queen's University, four, University of Western Ontario, and one each will go to Guelph and the University of British Columbia.

F. W. Crump, Taunton, will study chemistry at British Columbia.

Percipice Hat

Chicago, Ill.—The percipice hat seems to be on its way here. Sponsors of the second International Patent Exposition to be held in Chicago starting September 14, said that among the devices to be shown was a person designed to look like a bandit, enabling him to see a bandit, should he meet up behind him.

At Sunday's meeting with the French, Chancellor Brüning of Germany did not find it possible to give distinct pledges to France, especially as far as a political alliance.

The Germans, through Foreign Minister Julius Curtius, issued a statement in which they said:

"The decisive point is that France and Germany have exchanged views on political questions. In such a way that we can now say that a new pathway has been found in Franco-German relations."

The two of the joint statements were approved at a meeting between Chancellor Brüning and Premier Laval. Premier Laval has made no promises of financial aid to Germany. That is to be worked out in London, England.

Informed that there were some reports that the results of the conference were not considered favorable, Andre François-Poncet, under-secretary of state for foreign affairs, and Laval, both men replied:

"What can you expect in 24 hours? We have made a tremendous step forward. These negotiations are of an entirely political nature. We have discussed the political and financial problems to settle. We have already accomplished something in fact—that we have met, made a start and are determined to go on."

Both France and Germany will be represented at the London, England, parley.

Rains Benefit Crops

General Showers In All Three Prairie Provinces

Montreal, Que.—The weekly crop report of the Bank of Montreal pointed to this country last spring of a group of British public school headmasters is seen in the announcement that at least 21 British public school students expect to spend next year to enter Canadian universities. McGill University will have 12 of the boys, Queen's University, four, University of Western Ontario, and one each will go to Guelph and the University of British Columbia.

F. W. Crump, Taunton, will study chemistry at British Columbia.

Ore Captain Silver

Edmonton, Alta.—A group of miners body doctors to be held in Chicago starting September 14, said that among the devices to be shown was a person designed to look like a bandit, enabling him to see a bandit, should he meet up behind him.

Income Tax Amendments Announced In Budget Have Been Withdrawn

Ottawa, Ont.—The income tax changes announced in the budget were withdrawn by Premier Bennett in the House of Commons. This applies to all except corporation tax.

To a surprised chamber, the prime minister in his speech on the passing of strong feelings declared that in view of personal attacks made on him both in the House of Commons and outside, he must take to writing a letter to the tax resolution. Quoting from a note made on the budget a month ago by Hon. Fernand Rinfret, former secretary of state and member for St. James, Quebec, the prime minister asserted that Mr. Rinfret had charged him with reliving himself and his wealthy friends of 25 per cent. of their income tax.

Another formal withdrawal was the move by Hon. N. G. Gordon, of Peterborough, continued Mr. Bennett, had made the statement at a public gathering that the proposed income tax amendments would be given him (Mr. Bennett) \$250,000.

Both statements were untrue, Mr. Bennett declared. He had never been hurt more in his life than by these accusations in the House of Commons and one only surprised Mr. Bennett with some emotion.

Withdrawal of the resolutions does not necessarily mean that similar legislation may not be introduced next year, according to the prime minister.

As a matter of fact, the changes would not have become effective until next year.

The declaration of the prime minister was received with mixed feelings

Premier Introduces

Bill For Pensions

Resolution Provides For Increased Contribution By Federal Government

Ottawa, Ont.—A resolution presented by Hon. R. B. Bennett, Minister of National Revenue, on the subject of old age pensions has been placed on the order paper of the House of Commons by Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister. The resolution calls for an amendment to the Old Age Pensions Act. It reads as follows:

"Resolved, that it is expedient to amend the Old Age Pension Act by increasing the amount of the payment to the provinces for old age pensions from one-half to 75 per cent. of the net sum paid out during the preceding quarter by such province for pension, and to provide for the expenditure and audit of expenditures in the province and the amounts relating thereto."

The increase in federal payment for old age pensions was announced some time ago. This legislation implements that announcement.

Modifies Restrictions On Canadian Cattle

Strict Regulations Have Been Eased Up By Department

Ottawa, Ont.—The restrictions applicable to Canadian cattle landing in the United Kingdom have been eased up according to a cable received by the Canadian Department of Agriculture. The result will be that market range for Canadian cattle in the Old Country will materially increase and should make it possible to transport cattle of a larger volume to the market.

The greater freedom of movement, however, will have a tendency to create a slower market. Under the order of the British Ministry of Agriculture, issued June 20, 1930, all cattle arriving in Britain were required to be slaughtered immediately at the point of arrival. The cable, however, advises that this restriction has been modified to provide for the movement of store cattle without losses for immediate slaughter to points outside points.

Deportation Figures

3,099 Britons Deported From Canada From Jan. 1 To June 30

Ottawa, Ont.—Deportations from Canada from January 1 to June 30, 1931, totalled 3,099. Hon. Wesley A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration, told the House of Commons.

The House was in committee of supply on Monday, July 13, 1931, for salaries and contingencies of the department. From April 1, 1930, to the present, deportations had amounted to 4,975, the minister said, of whom 3,099 were Britons, 279 United States citizens and the remainder from countries other than the United States.

The department was then making arrangements for deportation of the minister said. The vote was divided between \$1,055,070 for salaries for the outside service, and \$850,000 contingencies.

Bomb Found In Vatican

Vatican City, Rome.—Removed from the interior of the church for examination, a bomb exploded early Friday, July 17, 1931, in the garden of St. Peter's Cathedral six hours after it had been discovered. It had just past a portable pulpit, 50 feet from the great altar where the Pope celebrated mass on important occasions. A few uprooted trees was the only damage.

H. E. Spencer (U.F.A.), Battle River, expressed the hope that the government would prepare further legislation along the lines of that withdrawal.

Hon. Charles Stewart, former minister in the cabinet of the prime minister that any man in public life was liable to such attacks. Mr. Bennett should not feel too badly.

The tax change withdrawn would have increased the tax on incomes of the smaller incomes, increased some of the middle scale, and decreased the rate for the very high salaries.

Among other things amendments provided that respect to incomes for the present year, and for the next year the rates of tax at present imposed on individuals be repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"On the first \$1,000 or any portion thereof, one cent;"

"On the amount in excess of \$1,000, but not in excess of \$2,000, two cents."

And so forth down to:

"On the amount in excess of \$2,000, 25 per cent."

The income tax amendments applicable to corporations has already been approved by the House.

FOR UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF

Bill For Pensions

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Donat Raymond, Minister of Railways, Labor and Industries in the Saskatchewan Cabinet, who seeks \$18,000,000 from the Dominion Government to take care of the relief and unemployment in Saskatchewan this year.

Riding Freight Trains

Railway Officials Take Action To Put a Stop To Free Trips

Vancouver, B.C.—Frequent trips

of transients getting free trips on freight trains have been stopped by the railroads to end the form of travel, according to railway officials. It is officially stated that there have been scores of such deaths in the past year, and the railroads are taking steps to end them.

Number loads and many other events contribute to the toll among the brakemen.

This week Canadian Pacific Railway police, co-operating with the federal, state and municipal governments, have 20 arrests in various parts of British Columbia for this kind of trespassing.

Their next object is to stop indiscriminate movement of unemployed from one part of the country to the other. Railways officials state, that many of the travellers are able to pay fares.

Tramps have been used to an average number of casual transients seeking free transportation, but the new tide of traffic has swelled to great proportions and has become a menace with important consequences.

In fact so much baggage has been placed on top of freight cars that brakemen have to climb on top of them to get off. It is said in making their way along the catwalks.

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Trans-Canada Flight

First Non-Stop Flight From Halifax To Vancouver To Be Attempted In August

Vancouver, B.C.—The first non-stop flight across Canada, from Halifax to Vancouver, will be attempted August 14 by Williamsons of Ottawa, in the course of a triangle flight, Vancouver, Mexico City and back to Halifax, according to a telegram received by the Canadian Press.

Williamson's plan is to land at Vancouver at 10 p.m. on August 14, and leave at 6 p.m. on the evening.

They will return here and take off immediately for Mexico City, hoping to land at 9 a.m. on August 15.

Halifax is to make the 9,000 mile round trip in three days.

Government Grain Elevator

The Dominion Government grain elevator, under construction at Lethbridge, is expected to be ready for business by September 1st, this year.

Mounties' Monument

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Pioneer days in the Canadian West will be recalled on August 1, when notables from all parts of British Columbia and the Prairies gather at Fort St. James, B.C., on the Columbia Valley line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, to attend the formal unveiling of a cenotaph erected by the Historic Sites and Monuments Board, to commemorate the first Royal North West Mounted Police Fort in British Columbia. It was built in 1887 by Superintendant J. M. MacLennan, Lt. Col. Sam Barlow, and Sub-Superintendent K.C.M.G., C.M.C., M.V.O., with Inspector Z. T. Williams, C. A. S. S. and S. S. Williams, and F. H. Powell and the men of "D" Division, and was an important factor in securing and maintaining the peace of the newly developed territory.

The history of the Mounties is an epic and their work in connection with the construction of the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway to the Coast, is one of its most stirring pages.

Huge Sums Donated To Campaign Funds By Beauharnois Power Co.

Ottawa, Ont.—Contributions to various political campaign funds by R. O. Sweeney and his Beauharnois Power Company totalled about \$950,000. Like a bolt from the blue evidence to this effect was given before the special committee investigating the Beauharnois project.

As nonchalantly as a man revealing his golf score, Mr. Sweeney told of a personal contribution totalling between \$600,000 and \$700,000 to the Liberal party. This was given to Senator Andrew Haydon, of Sudbury, by Senator Donald Raymond upon the understanding an undefined percentage was to be delivered to the Quebec provincial Liberal party. In addition to the Beauharnois Company's contribution of \$100,000 to the Federal Liberal Party, the Liberal party in Ontario had received "trifling" sums, perhaps \$3,000, through W. R. Parker, of Toronto, said Mr. Sweeney.

As a personal contribution, Mr. Sweeney donated \$6,000 toward the Progressive campaign funds or for Mr. Sweeny's election as member of Parliament for Sudbury, and another \$100 which he had been in the habit of aiding in the past. General Eric McCusig received \$1,000 for the Conservative party in Montreal, said Mr. Sweeney, while Senator Eric Carter, trustee of the Conservative party in Quebec, was given \$200.00.

Conflicting evidence was given concerning \$120,000 to John Ald. Jr., of Toronto, on the understanding it was a contribution to the Canadian Conservative party. Mr. Ald. contended it was in settlement of a personal account of his wife's debts to the Progressive group funds or to Progressive candidates, Mr. Sweeney told the committee.

For years, representations may develop from the campaign fund dealers. Senator Donald Raymond, named by Mr. Sweeney as receiving some of the money for the Liberal party, will be recalled to the stand. Senator Eric Carter, trustee of the Conservative party in Quebec, will be called to the stand in his role in this case to clear up the proposed prairie-wide board.

Their last drop of gasoline exhausted, they landed the ship on rough ground along a railway track at 7:00 a.m. on Saturday, Aug. 1, 1931. The trip covered approximately 3,000 miles over land and sea in a little over 26 hours, and were almost in sight of the goal when the gasoline tank ran dry. They left Harbour Grace at 11:15 E.S.T.

Swedes plans to spend \$12,400,000 on highways and city streets this year.

Test Movements Of Grain From Port Churchill Planned For This Season

Prairie Premiers Advised Of Decision Reached By Government

Winnipeg, Man.—The Dominion Government has turned down the request of the prairie premiers for a wheat board. Premier John Bracken of Manitoba, disclosed that the premiers had been advised by Premier R. B. Bennett advising that the Canadian Government does not see its way clear to set up the proposed prairie-wide board.

Bracken's letter from Bennett, Mr. Bracken said, in questioning made the suggestion of an inter-prairie "something similar" to that forecast in reports published here. It was reported that Ottawa suggested this to a commission headed by John I. McFarland, head of the Pool's Central Selling Agency, to control the Pool's elevator systems and to market their grain.

count of his with Mr. Sweeney. When pressed for a full explanation, Mr. Ald said he had advised Mr. Sweeney on the best way of securing a contract with the hydroelectric companies of Ontario but he could not remember what his advice had been or give any details.

A proposal had been made to him, and odd as it seemed, Mr. Sweeney, to come up with a general contribution to the campaign fund, but nothing was done about it. Peter White, KCC, counsel for the commission, suggested this transaction was not completed because Premier R. B. Bennett refused to accept the money.

Mr. Sweeney did not know why it fell through.

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As a personal contribution, Mr. Sweeney donated \$6,000 toward the Progressive campaign funds or for Mr. Sweeny's election as member of Parliament for Sudbury, by Senator Andrew Haydon, of Sudbury, High Commissioner in Great Britain and formerly premier of Ontario. No contribution had been made to the Conservative party of Manitoba. Mr. Sweeney told the committee.

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Brief Outline Of Regulations Governing The Admittance Of Tourists To Canada

An outline of Canadian regulations governing admission of tourists may be of timely interest. A non-resident, visiting Canada for purposes of touring permit for his automobile for health or pleasure, may obtain a period not exceeding sixty days without payment of duty, or for neither thirty days nor extending application to any Collector or Sub-Collector of National Revenue, and satisfying him as to the bona fides of the applicant as a tourist. If the visitor desires to extend the period six months he may do so by giving a bond.

Under revised regulations, gun, rifles, fishing tackle, golf clubs, cameras, etc., may be brought in by tourist, and brought in for his personal use and actually in his possession at the time of his arrival in Canada, together with animals and other articles imported for hunting, trapping or as pets, are admitted without deposit, only the requirement being that they should be reported at Customs on arrival at the frontier in accordance with regulations.

The list of禁品 includes not only still picture cameras, but motion picture cameras, the property of bona fide tourists, brought in for their own use for a temporary period, and not for any business or commercial purposes.

Canoes, outboard motors, tents, camp equipment, photograph cameras, musical instruments, etc., brought in for a tourist's personal use and not for loan or hire, are admissible upon a sum being deposited equivalent to the duty and taxes payable on the goods, each deposit being subject to removal of the same and exportation of the articles under customs supervision within six months from time of entry.

"Statements made by officials of the U.S.A. that tourists of American tourists and visitors to Canada are not being allowed to enter the Dominion this year are absolutely untrue," states Hon. W. A. Gordon, Canadian Minister of Immigration and Colonization. "American tourists and visitors have always been allowed to bring their servants into Canada and they may continue to do so. The only persons likely to find any difficulty in entering the International Boundary are alien war veterans in the United States illegally or in that country under temporary status, as the question of their readmission to the U.S.A. will arise if they arise, should we try to return them."

Hon. Mr. Gordon said that Canada extends a cordial welcome to bona fide United States citizens coming to Canada as visitors and tourists, and Canadian immigration officials at International Boundary points are instructed to facilitate their entry to the Dominion.

The Tourist Industry

Paid \$13,000,000 In Revenue To the Government Last Year

Canadian motorists and visiting United States tourists travelled over nine billion miles of roads in Canada and the U.S.A. in 1928, approximately half a million gallons of gasoline and paid a direct revenue to the provincial governments in the form of gas tax, auto and drivers' license, agriculture, and \$100,000,000. These figures, says a statement issued by the Dominion Department of Trade and Commerce, indicate the important rank the automobile and petroleum industry hold in the economic life of Canada.

Automobile registry in Canada last year numbered 12,938,888 vehicles of which 1,047,404 were passenger cars. These figures indicate there was one vehicle to every eight persons in the Dominion.

Another good thing about road converts is the lack of encumbrances.



"I have known you such a long time, and this is the first time we have ever danced with me."

"Yes. It is Lent, and I am denying myself pleasures." —Moustique Charlier.

W. N. U. 1929

Silver Fox Breeders

Annual Meeting to Hold At Summer-side, With 400 Members In Attendance

Approximately 400 members of the Canadian Silver Fox Breeders' Association, representing nine provinces of Canada and other countries, assembled recently at Summerside, P.E.I., for their annual meeting.

The presentation of the directors' eleventh annual report showed that during the past year the membership had increased a total of 6,586, an increase of 622.

During the last inspection season, 9,618 puppies were marked by inspectors and 92,826 the largest number in history were examined. The number transferred to the U.S.A. was 28,943, also a high mark. The number of pups consigned to the marketing department showed a healthy increase, amounting almost 22,000, double the number reported the previous year. Special auction sales held in Montreal for the South American market and in Paris and London, England, for the European market were dealt in with the report.

Empire Marketing is

Becoming More Popular

Annual Report of Board Shows Trade Is Increasing

The world-wide economic depression has not arrested the growing habit in the United Kingdom of buying within the Empire.

The annual report of the Empire Marketing Board reveals that apples from Canada and New Zealand reached a record quantity in the past year those from Canada exceeding record production in 1927, and a previous record of 1,860,000 hundredweight in 1922. In 1930, 64,000 hundredweight of Canadian peaches were imported as compared with 60,000 in 1928.

Parliament has been asked to provide \$3,205,000 for the board's activities during the coming 12 months. The policy of making grants for scientific research and for industrial and agricultural extension work among native peoples is being continued.

Among grants already made are sums for the University of British Columbia for research on cheese ripening and research on the cost of transport of pedagogic novelties to the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph in connection with egg production and to the Newfoundland Government for fishery research.

Edmonton Export Butter

Fifty-Six Tons Shipped To the Liverpool Pool Market

Edmonton recently re-entered the export butter market with the shipment of fifty-six tons of creamy white butter packed in large boxes to Edmonton to Liverpool market via the Canadian National and Blue Star Lines over the Panama route in special refrigerated equipment. It is expected the two caravans of one thousand boxes each will be followed by a second shipment in August via the Panama to Glasgow market.

It is five years since Alberta was forced to retire from export markets because of the high cost of shipping, but E. T. Love, managing director of Woodland Dairy, will send one thousand boxes to Shanghai soon.

Production for the first half of 1929 is all above the 1928 average, 48.3 per cent. over period last year with the output to date 6,775,000 pounds for 26 weeks.

Lovely fabric for its development and a great success with washable crepe, shirtings silk, cotton muslin, linen.

Style No. 100 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 26, 30, 40 and 42 inches but the "Kaahee" which size reaches 2 yards of 30 inches material with 2½ yards of 26 inches.

Printed patterns in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size.

.....

Name.

.....

Town.

"My husband and I attend to our business every evening. It is more economical."

"How so, dear?"

"By the time we get it balanced it is too late to go anywhere."

Ridiculed For Using Ancient Wooden Plough

But Farmers In Sussex, England, Know What They Are About

Although ploughs, like other agricultural implements, have been subjected to many alterations and improvements in the course of centuries, it is remarkable at least that in some parts of England the most popular pattern of plough is still one which can differ but little in its general character from that which the ordinary brush willow in clearing the land to provide more acreage for wheat raising, this valuable species is still used.

The reason for this is that few people know the diamond willow when they see it. The distinguishing marks are so cleverly hidden under the bark that only a close observer would notice them.

On heavy land, a turn-wrest plough is still very much in favour, and there is a very good reason for this.

On heavy land, a turn-wrest plough except that of a wide and necessary cumbersome type cannot be of much service because it tends to dig into the ground when the soil is wet and the plough is apt to stick.

When the surface is hard and dry Sussex ploughs of wood are invariably made of wood, there being practically no bark on them except the shoe on the tip of the share and the heel of the blade. The wooden share has the advantage on heavy land that it does not smear out the soil in the furrow while a iron share, tends to break it up.

These farmers have a speciality in retaining the wooden plough, but we may take it that he knows what he is about.

Valuable Tree Destroyed

Diamond Willow Rooted Out By Land Clearers In West

Growing in sections of the west is a valuable species of willow called the diamond willow, which is being developed for use in clearing the land to ordinary brush willow. In clearing the land to provide more acreage for wheat raising, this valuable species is still used.

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The Old Fashioned Pattern

Was Still Used In Some Parts Of England Half Century Ago

A diamond willow, which the Irish people "make dryish" with iron machines on their beds, has puzzled many readers whose memories do not go back half a century. The descendants of those who supplied us with many of our grandfathers' tools, their servants, used when "swelling down" a yard, and sometimes in the streets in wet weather, when mud and puddles were much more plentiful than today.

The pattern was strapped to the boat and consisted of a wooden sole, attached to which by iron legs made a metal ring oval in shape, which was held fast by a leather strap above the wood, and the wood kept them clear from wet or mud. They were still in fairly common use in some parts of the country half a century ago.

Not long ago, a correspondent read a notice in the church porch at Trent, near Yeovil, which said: "All persons are requested to take off patterns and cloaks before entering the church."

Alberta Fox Farms

Two Hundred and Three Fox Farms Are Now Located In The Province

Addressing the annual meeting of the Alberta Silver Fox Breeders' Association in the city of Edmonton, the camper and tourist hold sway throughout the length and breadth of the land.

It is also the time of the year when the game wardens point out that although the industry is a new one, it is well established now.

In 1928 there were only 12 fox farms in the province, he said, while in 1929 there were 203 such farms with 13,000 animals.

B.C. Eggs For England

A shipment of three thousand cases of thirty dozen each of British Columbia eggs were shipped recently to England by the British Columbia egg pool. This is the first export shipment of eggs since 1929. It will be the first of several shipments this year. Prices in the Old Country are said to be fair.

Prince Has New Sport

The Prince of Wales has taken up a new sport—yachting. He has a new racing boat which he recently purchased.

The manufacturer of the craft is E. T. Love, managing director of Woodland Dairy, who will organize competition among his flying and motorizing friends.

A fine engine of German invention pumps streams of carbonic acid power that smothers flames instead of using water.

"Is Berne happily married?"

"Yes, indeed, her husband's away most of the time.

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Revolution In House Building

Boston Architect Forces Buildings Of Metal Or Glass

What kind of houses will our children build? People will live in a type something radically different from anything the world has yet seen, says Dana Simes, Boston architect on the board zoning adjustment.

No one will build a house in the city in another 25 years, Mr. Simes declared. People will live in a type of houses we've yet conceived.

A house of metal or glass—insulated—heated with electricity or gas—built on mass production principles, as automobiles are now built—"so that anyone who can own a small car can own his house." This is his idea.

The house of the future—and Mr. Simes means the near future, the next decade or two, will not depend on the use of iron, steel, cans or even on several systems he suggests. Chemical reaction or "perhaps a death ray" will take care of all wastes of the household.

"Germanys' art glass and copper structures," Mr. Simes said. "New materials are being developed for building every day. We have only begun to see the possibilities of aluminum and other light metals for construction."

"Some strongly-organized association presently is going to see the opportunity in doing with houses what the automobile manufacturers have done with automobiles. Great building corporations will begin by finding and developing the land, planning and building and financing homes so that they can be bought early terms."

"Such a house-building organization will not be limited to one part of the country and send out an army to crew any day to put up a house—their 'A' house or their 'B' house or their double 'A' house, if you want to spend the money to plan that the home owner can select just

the wallpaper today."

"I'm not talking about portable houses, but permanent houses, built in sections, made of mass production and with modern materials and construction technique already applied in large commercial structures."

"We will build houses just as we built them 100 years ago. On the small house it's never been worth while for anybody to undertake a modern plan of construction. But it is going to be worth while for the corporation that develops a workable and popular proposition."

Alberta Honey

Big Production From 1,500 Colonies Of Bees

This season promises to be an excellent one for honey production, and present indications are that the crop will exceed that of 1930, according to George Riedel of Riedel's Honey, one of the largest beekeepers in Alberta, and whose bees had been sold to the Taber, Barnwell and Coaldale districts, Alberta, and whose apianaries last season yielded fifteen carloads or 350,000 pounds of honey.

Portrait For Government

In a ceremony attended by members of the government and the opposition, a portrait of Senator Raoul Dandurand has been presented to the government of Canada. The portrait is to mark the participation of this country in the work of the League of Nations. Senator Dandurand was a delegate to the league in 1924, president of the league assembly in 1925, and for some years later a member of the council.

A doctor suggests that, of the many people who disappear every year, some are actuated by the belief that they are not wanted. And others, no doubt, by the knowledge that they are.

"My wife is very careful. She insists on seeing everything she buys." "Mine insists on buying every thing she sees."—Vikingen, Oslo.

Danish Crown Jewels Are Well Guarded

Tourists Get Bad Scare While Inspecting Valuable Collection

The fate of those who tamper with the crown jewels of Denmark was recently revealed by the king.

While inspecting the collection in the Castle of Rosenborg, their guide got too close to the treasure and accidentally set off a device installed to protect it. There were deafening outbursts of exploding sirens and banging gates. The cabinet sank through the floor and all doors automatically were closed.

An attendant drew his revolver and commanded everyone to stand where he was. Captain of the guard who had been summoned instantaneously rushed up in fast cars and surrounded the castle.

Examinations finally resulted in the castle being sealed and the tourists departed with respect for the efficient system of guarding the country's treasures.

Removes Tariff On Canadian Newsprint

British Columbia Pleased With Announcement of Australian Government

Announcement of the removal of the Australian duty of \$5 a ton on newsprint imports will be welcomed by the British Columbia Government. British Columbia will receive almost the entire benefit from this change since it ships most of Canada's paper products to Australia.

Showing the extent of this movement of newsprint and general papers to Australia, the value given for the country's exports from Canada to the Commonwealth was approximately \$500,000,000.

This business has more than tripled since 1925.

The tonnage of newspaper shipped to Australia last year from British Columbia was 52,000 tons, having increased steadily in recent years from a little over 12,000 tons in 1925.

New Hospital In North

Nurse and Matron Leaving For Pangnirtung in Bath Land

A journey north to Moose Factory by rail and canoe, thence to Carlton Island and then by dog sled to voyage to the new hospital on Bath Island, the steamer "Ungava" faces Mrs. C. A. Saucier of Ottawa, who is visiting friends in Montreal. Mrs. Saucier will be accompanied by Miss Prudence L. of Woking, Surrey, England, nurse. They will open a new Anglican church at Pangnirtung, of which Mrs. Saucier will act as matron. The physician who will be its medical officer in the district, Dr. M. J. Saucier, has been sent to the Indian residential school at Moose Factory for the past three years. She was formerly assistant matron at an institution at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., for five years.

A Highly Sensitive Instrument

Overcomes Difficulty Of Discriminating Between White And Dark Substances

The eye, extraordinarily sensitive though it otherwise can be, experiences great difficulty in discriminating between white and dark substances. This difficulty has been overcome by means of a device which has been designed wherein the eye of the observer has been replaced by a photo-electric cell which enables the instrument to measure accurately the extremely small difference between "white" and "black." By this means differences inappreciable to the eye of even a trained observer can be detected.

May After Theory

Discovery of an Indian arrowhead by scientists from the Buffalo Museum while digging in Indiana for the sake of a mastodon may prove the belief that mastodons have been extinct for many thousands of years.

The scientists said the discovery of the arrowhead in connection with a mastodon and the burned stump of a tree which were uncovered in the same stratum makes it possible that Indians killed it for food.

To Supplement pasture

Even with milk and butter-fat at the lowest level in years, there are dairymen who consider that it pays to grain the good cows when on pasture to supplement their diet with silage or other feeds after they commence to get short. The lower the price, the more a cow must produce in order to show a profit.

Ceylon Wants Tablets

People of Ceylon want talking pictures and nothing else. Even the natives who do not understand a word of English are in favour of the speaking screen. When the first wireless synchronized picture was shown recently, natives and Europeans protested violently.

The Soya Bean

Trade Commissioners Believe Crop Could Be Profitably Grown In Western Canada

Western Canada may find a way out of its depression through growing the soya bean—which will not only bring prairie farmers handsome prices for the oil extracted, but will provide as a by-product an excellent cattle feed to help end the present cattle's food beef industry, according to the trade commission expressed in Montreal by Col. L. M. Cosgrave, Canadian trade commissioners to China.

"The soya bean," Col. Cosgrave declared, "is known to us to stand well in the market. It has been summoned instantaneously rubbed up in fast cars and surrounded the castle.

An attendant drew his revolver and commanded everyone to stand where he was. Captain of the guard who had been summoned instantaneously rushed up in fast cars and surrounded the castle.

Examinations finally resulted in the castle being sealed and the tourists departed with respect for the efficient system of guarding the country's treasures.

Active Measures Being Taken To Curb Ravages Of This Pest

Advice Given by Department of Agriculture

Activities of the grasshopper menace throughout Canada is rapidly assuming serious proportions and an already campaign for its control is already under way in the provinces affected.

Grasshopper outbreaks appear to coincide closely with the dry period in the sun spot cycle of 11 years. The most recent outbreak of the pest in the prairie provinces was from 1919 to 1924.

"While there is very little crop to destroy, at some places this year, the problem of the prairie numbers of grasshoppers makes it highly important that measures be taken to guard against a more serious outbreak next year," says a department spokesman.

"The grasshopper outbreak is widely widespread throughout Manitoba and has assumed serious proportions in a large part of southern Saskatchewan and the south of Alberta."

Governments of the prairie provinces are already taking active steps to distribute poison bait to farmers in the infested areas through municipal organizations and arrangements are being made to further curb the pests through suitable methods of cultivation.

Makes Strange Discovery

Skipper Finds Recent Earthquake Raised Bed Of The North Sea

Several hours ago, a skipper of a fishing boat of the North Sea, who was sailing several hundred feet by the earthquake which shook England early on the morning of June 7, according to the London Daily Express, has attributed his discovery to the "Herrings" of Norway.

The paper said the skipper, who was sounding in the fog 29 miles off Flamborough Head, was surprised to find the sea bottom raised.

The number of songbirds on the forest floor, which he noted when he first started his fishing, was also increased.

The skipper said he had observed

the same bird life in the same area

since the last time he fished.

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Film Actor: Look here, if he's going to throw me into the rapids, how am I going to get out?"
Director: "Oh, that's all right. You don't appear again!"—The London Opinion, England.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Eight Russian army officers were killed in an airplane accident near Akhtinsk, Siberia, last week.

Edmonton land sales for the first quarter this year amounted to \$15,000 more than for the same period last year.

In Parliament Prime Minister Bennett said he did not expect to hold the position of Finance Minister at the next session.

Air mail contracts of which expiry notices on July 15 were issued by the post office department several weeks ago have been extended until August 15.

Charles A. Lindbergh has been granted permission by the radio commission to operate a transmitter aboard his airplane in his projected flight to Europe.

Sugar factories in Dundee, Scotland, are at work making a million sugar sacks. The sacks have been ordered by the government and are to be completed by December.

Ornithologists selling their bird camps in the north of Canada was proposed in a resolution passed at Hamilton by the central branch of the Canadian Legion.

Announcement is made of the appointment of Gen. Arthur G. Wauchope to be high commissioner in Palestine, succeeding Sir John Chancellor, who recently resigned.

Appointment of H. Beresford as assistant director of surveys for Manitoba and Alfred Bessette as chief game guardian have been officially announced by orders-in-council of the provincial government of Manitoba.

Strange News From Holy Land

32,000 Horse-Power Plant To Supply Electrical Energy In Biblical Towns

Here is strange news from the Holy Land. The first hydro-electric plant on the River Jordan south of the Sea of Galilee will soon be in operation. It was built partly by Americans and will by next year turn 32,000 horsepower, thus supplying current to such Biblical towns as Jaffa, Haifa, Nazareth and Beersheba. Meanwhile, the British are building another plant that will supply Jerusalem. Both will serve the surrounding region. Before long the mountain streams of Lebanon will be producing 51,000 horsepower.—World's Work.

Barley In Canada

Barley is the hardest of all cereals and can be grown through a greater range of climates than any other. Its production date from the earliest times when it was used principally as an article of food, but as the years progressed the uses became varied. The production of barley ranks third among the cereal crops of the Dominion in acreage and total yield and second in average yield per acre.

Preserving Our Scene Wealth

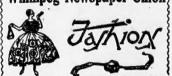
To preserve some share of the wild places of the land in their primitive condition is the object of the National Parks of Canada.



"We will be married on Saturday." "Impossible. I am playing football that day."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1899

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



FIFTED BODICE GIVES DEMURE QUANTITY TO PINAFORCE FROCK

This cute pinafrock frock is a favorite with the tiny little French tootsies. It is good taste by peeping "nearly there."

The fitted bodice is the cutest ever. The bodice is attached skirt draped soft gathering that gives a comfortable fit.

An old-fashioned calico print made the original. The collar and cuffs of lace lined finished with a blanket stitching.

Style No. 212 is designed for the 2 to 4 year old girls.

It's all so simple to fashion it.

And when it's so practical, why not have a few more to match school clothes?

Springed dainty dotted batiste, gathered wool, calico, lace, hem checks, striped percale, wool jersey and lace in sports or handkerchief style.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamp or coin (postage is preferred). Wrap carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,

175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Blame Rests On People

Present Depression Has Been Caused By Human Errors

No greater mistake can be made than to imagine that the world depression was produced by mechanical forces too mysterious to be explained. A common error is to consider causative factors over a long period, culminating in the depression, but they are all identifiable as human errors, in which governments and peoples have persisted, in spite of warnings, of inevitable consequences. Recovery will not be achieved by resting in the security of dogmatic theories, but by repairing the mistakes in public and private conduct by which the world has again been plunged into misfortune, exactly similar to the bitter experiences of successive generations in the past.

A portable X-ray has been designed to enable a physician to learn at once the extent of a patient's injuries who has been hurt in an accident. The machine is carried to the scene in the ambulance.

The machine is carried to the scene in the ambulance.

Some of the artifacts made in prehistoric Peru rank among the finest that have ever been produced.

Elliptical refrigerating plants are to be built in Italy.

History Of the War

Official History Of Canada's Part In Great Struggle Is Under Preparation

No date can be given at present as to when other volumes of the official history of Canada in the great war will be ready for publication according to a reply given in the House of Commons by Hon. D. M. Sutherland, Minister of National Defence, to a question asked by H. E. Spencer (U.P.), B.C.

It is not known how many other volumes will be published. The compilation of these is included in the duties of the historical section, general staff.

"As it is now ten years since the above order-in-council (P.C. 1924) was passed, authorizing the history to be written, how many of said histories will be issued before the end of the war, and when the remaining ones will be issued?" Mr. Spencer asked.

The minister's reply was:

"In addition to the early preliminary work of collection, classification and co-ordination of relative documents and materials, which is well advanced, the following progress has been made:

(1) "The plan for all the general volumes has been laid out;

(2) "The material for four of them has been selected and arranged;

(3) "One hundred and four detailed maps of regions required for illustration, showing units down to squadrons, batteries and companies, have been compiled from original documents;"

(4) "The draft text of approximately one-quarter of these volumes has been written."

Many Are Applying For Naturalization

In Order To Take Up Land In North Saskatchewan

More than 1,000 applications for naturalization have been received at Regina courthouse. These will be heard by His Honor Judge Hannan in September and November next.

It is understood that out of the number of applications received the number of naturalization applications is the steady trek of farmers from the dried out areas of southern Saskatchewan to the northern part of the prairie. Many of these farmers have been here before and have been informed by the Department of Natural Resources that they must be naturalized in order to take up land.

Individual land regulations which came into effect March 1, 1931, require that a man must be a British subject and have been a resident in the province four years before he is in a position to take up land.

Communicating With Planets

Nicola Tesla, Inventor, Means Of Transmitting Energy From One Place To Another

Nicola Tesla, the inventor, in an interview on his 75th birthday said, after years of research he had discovered a method of transmitting thousands of horsepower of energy from one planet to another, which he believes will open the way for interplanetary communication.

"I feel," he said, "that what are nearest to us, perhaps the human mind will perform greater wonders than ever before. This is due to the continuous refinement of means and methods of observations and the ever increasing delicacy of perception."

Noted Chemist Dead

Sir Charles Bedford Was Once Technical Advisor To Indian Government

Sir Charles Henry Bedford, distinguished chemist, died at his home, June 8, at the age of 75.

He was a technical adviser to the Indian government for many years on chemical affairs.

He founded the King Alfonso chair of Spanish studies at Oxford University and the Anglo-Spanish and Spanish-American Institute in London, England.

Scandinavia's Population Is Less

Practically the entire return for the second show a fall from 4,822,000 in 1921 to 4,842,000 now. This is the first time a decrease in Scotland's population has been officially recorded, and migration is given as the reason. Gaelic speakers number 137,000, of which 7,000 cannot speak English.

"Keep hold of the cord of laughter's bell,"

And avoid the tones that jar; The sound of a song doesn't carry well.

But the lilt of a laugh rings far."

Some of the artifacts made in prehistoric Peru rank among the finest that have ever been produced.

Elliptical refrigerating plants are to be built in Italy.

Passing Of Trader Moberley

Was Link With Very Early History Of The West

H. J. Moberley, heir to the Hudson's Bay Company, died apparently in good health, Mr. Moberley was walking about a few days ago when he suffered a stroke, died shortly after, his death being attributed to old age, Mr. Moberley being 96 years of age at the time of his death.

Mr. Moberley was born in 1848.

He was believed to have been the only remaining commissioned officer of the old Hudson's Bay Company. He served the company from 1854, when he was a boy, to 1884, when he was factor at Ille a la Crose Post.

Born in Barrie, Ontario, Mr. Moberley was son of a noted captain in the British Royal Navy, a fat fellow in the war of 1812. Prior to joining the Hudson's Bay Company, Mr. Moberley was employed by the famous fur-trading house of Lumsden and in their service was in Havana, Cuba, and St. Petersburg, Russia.

He commenced his service with the Hudson's Bay Company as clerk at Ille a la Crose Post for his uncle, Captain Peter Norwood. Edmonton was his first post and afterwards he was moved to Rocky Mountain Post later opening his Jasper House as a trading post for his uncle.

He also at one time was in charge of the posts at Fort Vermillion and Peace River, and established the Fort McMurray post in the early 70's. He was a chief of traders at Fort Vermillion and carried deer skins ahead of the Earl of Shaftesbury in 1859 when the earl engaged in a hunting trip through Canada. Prior to the change of the Ille a la Crose Post, the Hudson's Bay Company was stationed at Stanley Mission on the Churchill in northern Saskatchewan.

Houses Good Sized City

Thousands Work Or Live In Empire State Building, New York

One of the biggest houses in the ever-growing world is the Empire State Building in New York. It is a huge structure of steel and brick, with 58 stories high. About 25,000 people live or work in it. There are 58 passenger lifts for the 88 stories and a freight lift for the 10 stories. Some of these lifts run at a speed of 15 miles an hour. The passenger goes up to the nearest stopping floor to his lift and is then transferred to a slower lift which stops every floor. His lift, however, can make the long start of his journey on an escalator, of which there are nearly a hundred. Six lifts entirely for goods are always in use.

Use Plane To Locate Minerals

The airplane will be employed by

Professor J. B. Mawdley of the University of Saskatchewan in locating and other mineral research

in Northern Saskatchewan. Investigation of areas of schist and greenstone presenting favourable prospects for metallic minerals will be made.

In certain families the father fish assumes the care of the young.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

LEMON EGG-NOG

(Serves 1)

½ cup cold water.

1 egg.

2 tablespoons sugar.

2 tablespoons lemon juice.

Grated nutmeg.

Combine milk, water, egg and sugar. Beat thoroughly, pour in lemon juice and mix vigorously. Serve in a large glass topped with a garnish of nutmeg.

HONGKONG CHICKEN

2 cups cold cooked chicken, diced.

½ cup cream.

1 cup crushed pineapple, drained.

1 teaspoon sugar.

Salts and pepper.

1 tablespoon butter.

Brown the celery and onions in the butter. Add the other ingredients. Heat well. Serve with fried noodles.

Manitoba Gold

Province Likely To Replace Yukon As Fourth Producer In Canada

For the first four months of the year the total output for 1930 by a substantial amount, and at the present rate of production the province is likely to replace the Yukon as the fourth producer of gold in Canada.

Manitoba's gold output for the four months of 1930 amounted to \$35,928 valued at \$739,540, or at a rate well in excess of two million dollars a month, as compared with an output of 23,189 ounces valued at \$479,359 for the whole of 1930.

More than \$8,000 was collected in one day recently in Edinburgh for the Scottish lifeboat fund.

BONZO - - - - - By Studdy

BY STUDY

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests
of Empress and District
\$5.50 to the United States
Subscription price \$2.00 per
year or any part of Canada
or Great Britain.

E. S. Sexton Proprietor A. Hankin

1 Thursday, Aug. 6th, 1931

Alf Housego, of Lacombe, was
a visitor in town, on Sunday.

Mrs. Cameron is entertaining
her sister, Mrs. Rae, and daughter,
Betty.

W. R. Brodie is putting a
concrete basement under his
warehouse building.

Mrs. J. Irvine, is away on a
holiday trip to Minot, N. Dako-ta.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Sibley and
children, left this week on their
holiday vacation.

Forrest Frost and Ken, Bos-
well, were successful in passing
all of their Grade X. Depart-
mental examination subjects.

Kwong Fu, who has been ab-
sent for an extended period in
Victoria, B.C., has returned to
the Dominion Cafe, here.

J. McNeill returned on Sun-
day, from a holiday trip by car, to
Sylvan Lake, Alta., and other
points. Mrs. McNeill and chil-
dren are staying over in Cal-
gary.

C. R. Moore, local station
agent, returned on Monday
from his holiday vacation.

Mrs. G. Sandrecock, sr. and
son John, are visiting in Mani-
toba.

The W.M.S. will hold their
Swing Meeting in the Sunday
School room, August 13th, at
8 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Brodie
left on Wednesday by car, on a
visit to Kindersley.

Mr. and Mrs. Perrigo and
family, of Swift Current, were
guests over the week end of
Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Miller.

Rev. Alex. Ogston, of Van-
couver, is visiting here at the
home of his brother-in-law and
wife, Mr. and Mrs. W. Stothers.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McEachern
and Mr. and Mrs. E. McGill, left
on Friday last for a holiday
vacation at Sylvan Lake, where they have rented a cot-
tage.

Notice to Patrons STILL

We are operating the only
Authorized Dry
in town, and continuance of
your patronage is solicited

PHONE No. 9
for Prompt and Efficient
Service

E. H. FOUNTAIN

Dr. A. K. McNeill
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

Physician and
Surgeon
Phone 44

Office - - - Centre Street

DENTIST
Dr. DOWLER

Thursdays and Fridays
Arriving on Wednesday night
Offices: Royal Bank Building
(Opposite Hotel)
AT LEADERS

Saturdays, Sundays and Tuesdays
Prelate on Wednesdays

Dominion CAFE
FIRST CLASS MEALS
GOOD ROOMS

Always a Full Stock Carried
Sandwiches, Cigars, Cigarettes
ICE CREAM & SUNDAES

Dances and after theatre lunches
A Place of City Style.



Health Service

OF THE
Canadian Medical Association

Edited by

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

Summer Diarrhoea.

Every year there occurs an appalling loss of infant lives from what is commonly known as summer diarrhoea. In Canada, one death in every five is that of a baby who has not reached his first birthday. Of this large number of infant deaths, a large percentage are due to diarrhoea.

The best and most practical way to combat this condition is breast feeding. Whenever such deaths are investigated, it is found that most of the cases have occurred amongst infants who were artificially fed. Providing the mother is healthy and that she is living a healthy life and using proper foods; her milk contains the right materials for her child. In addition, breast milk is sterile, and because it is not handled, there is no danger of its becoming contaminated with germs.

There are many other good reasons why a mother should nurse her child, but the one reason that it protects against diarrhoea should be sufficient to make every mother realize what her duty is in this matter. The baby who is artificially fed should be fed according to the directions which the family

doctor gives. It will be necessary to change his feedings from time to time as he grows older. Every care must be taken to secure a safe milk and to keep it cold, clean and covered. Pasteurized milk is safe milk. If there is any question as to the purity of the milk it should be boiled.

Diarrhoea is due to a family defect, for example, one which

contains too much sugar, or to germs which usually gain entrance into the body through contaminated milk. Diarrhoea is always a serious condition and no mother should consider herself able to deal with it; she needs the help of her doctor and she should secure his assistance without delay.

A common mistake is to think that the diarrhoea is due to teething or some other similar condition. Many mothers seem to think that diarrhoea is something from which every baby suffers and that it re-

quires no particular attention, or that it can be cured by repeated doses of castor oil.

It is just because it is not taken seriously that so many deaths occur. If, when diarrhoea does occur, proper treatment is secured promptly, then in most cases, the serious and fatal results, can be prevented. It is, of course, best to prevent the condition, but if it does occur, the mother should understand that delay in securing treatment may cost the baby his life.

The baby should be breast-fed. Failing that, he should be fed according to directions, and the milk should be pure and safe. If in spite of precautions trouble does occur, prompt treatment is needed.

Men's Brown Running Shoes at .85
Men's White and Brown Oxfords .80
Boy's brown run'g Shoes, Oxfords .70

SPECIALS! SPECIALS!

Men's SUMMER PYJAMAS and UNDERWEAR
We wish to clear these lines and have priced them for that purpose. Without Regard to Cost,

Men's Fine Quality PYJAMAS, color Dimity, in sizes

42 and 44. Regular, \$2.50. Special to clear at \$1.00

Men's Flower Pattern Broadcloth PYJAMAS, in sizes

38, 40 and 42. Regular, \$2.50. Special to clear at \$1.50

Men's Extra Good Quality Striped Broadcloth PJ.

ANAS, in sizes 38 and 42 only. Reg. 3.25. To clear at .75

Men's Shorts and Trunks and Underwear, Broadcloth

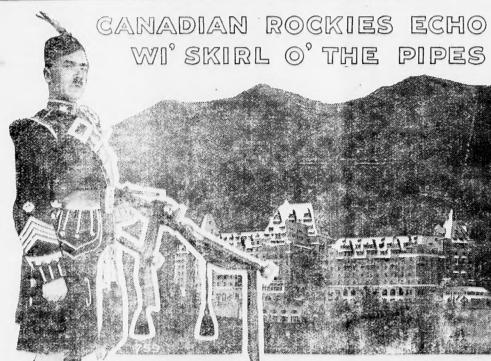
and Cotton. Regular, 1.50. Special to Clear at .75

Men's Shorts and Trunks. Special to clear, suit 1.00

Men's Silk Combinations, special to clear, per suit .75

"SANDY'S"

C.P.R. WATCH INSPECTOR EMPRESS, ALTA.



From the four corners of Canada and from across the seas, men, women and children of Scotch descent are gathered at the Canadian Pacific Hall, a special tented structure, to attend the annual Highland Gathering, August 27-30, 1931. The gathering, the largest to date, is under the distinguished patronage of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, and the Hon. Sir Alexander Rutherford, Minister of National Defence. A feature of this year's program will be the inter-regimental piping con-

test between regiments of the 17th Highlanders in Canada. There will also be the other bagpipe competitions and displays which have made the gathering famous, as well as dancing and highland games, a grand pageant, a special entertainment gallery, in addition to the army of costumed participants. Juvenile competitions in piping and drumming are also to be held. In addition to the regular events, two catch-light operas: "Prince Charming" and "Prince Charles and Flora" will be presented. The entertainment will be provided by the famous Canadian Rockies, with their gracious manner and fine voices. There will be a magnificent backdrop for the Banff Springs Hotel, which is built in the Scotch baronial style.

Anglican Church

Sunday, August 9th, 1931,

10th Sunday after Trinity.

St. Mary's, Mattine, 11 a.m.
Miss M. O. West, Superintendent

of the Sunday School by Post,

will speak on Sunday School work.

All Saint's, Oyen, 3 p.m.

St. Augustine's, Almonte, 7.30

p.m.

There will be no service at

Cawood.

A. Patterson,

Student in Theology.

quires no particular attention, or that it can be cured by repeated doses of castor oil.

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